

vsaUT-2

Variable Transmission Ratio

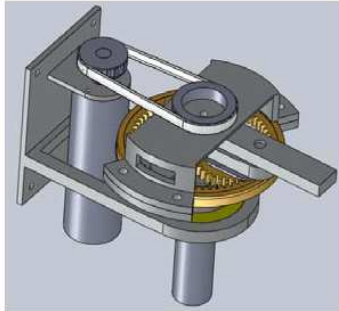
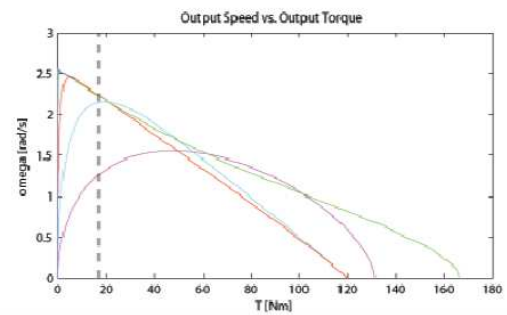
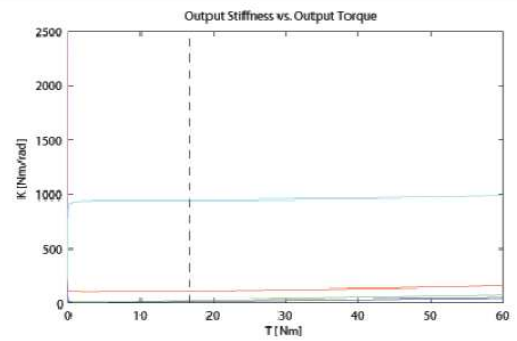


Fig.2
Mechanical interface drawings

Operating Data			
#	(quantity)	(unit)	(value)
Mechanical			
1	Continuous Output Power	[W]	37
2	Nominal Torque	[Nm]	16.8
3	Nominal Speed	[rad/s]	2.2
4	Nominal Stiffness Variation Time	with no load	[s] 0.4
5		with nominal torque	[s] 0.5
6	Peak (Maximum) Torque	[Nm]	60
7	Maximum Speed	[rad/s]	2.6
8	Maximum Stiffness	[Nm/rad]	inf
9	Minimum Stiffness	[Nm/rad]	0
10	Maximum Elastic Energy	[J]	1.6
11	Maximum Torque Hysteresis	[%]	n/a
12	Maximum deflection	with max. stiffness	[°] 0
13		with min. stiffness	[°] n/a
14	Active Rotation Angle	[°]	± 60
15	Angular Resolution	[°]	n/a
16	Weight	[Kg]	2
Electrical			



vsaUT-2

Additional Characteristics

Fig.7
Measured
Torque
VS
Deflection

Fig.8
3D workspace

Additional sensors data			
#	(quantity)	(unit)	(value)
Sensor a			
a1	Resolution	[yyy]	xxx
a2	Range	[yyy]	xxx
a3	I/O protocol	[yyy]	xxx
ax	{specific sensor properties}	[yyy]	xxx
Sensor b			
bx	{specific sensor properties}	[yyy]	xxx
by	{specific sensor properties}	[yyy]	xxx
bz	{specific sensor properties}	[yyy]	xxx
Sensor n			
n0			
...

Fig.9
Sensor Map

This space is left blank for any integrative information at the compiler's discretion. Examples may include:

- additional system images
- max. structural load values
 - accessories
 - software details

vsaUT-2		
Model		
Fig.10a Actuator Internals Layout		Fig.10b Actuator Internals Working Principle
Mathematical model		
101	Recoil Point Function	$x_e = q_2$
102	Energy Function	$H = \frac{1}{2} \frac{(L - q_1)^2}{q_1^2} k L^2 \sin^2(x - q_2)$
103	Output Torque Function	$\tau = \frac{-k}{2} \frac{(L - q_1)^2}{q_1^2} L^2 \sin(2(x - q_2))$
104	Output Stiffness Function	$\sigma = k L^2 \frac{(L - q_1)^2}{q_1^2} \cos(2(x - q_2))$
105	Spring Torque Function	$e_s = \frac{(L - q_1)}{q_1} k L \sin(x - q_2)$
106	Springs to Motors Transmission Ratio	$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{-L^2}{q_1^2} \sin(x - q_2) \\ \frac{-(L - q_1)}{q_1} L \cos(x - q_2) \end{bmatrix}^T$
107	Springs to Output Transmission Ratio	$B = \frac{(L - q_1)}{q_1} L \cos(x - q_2)$